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TODAY'S METAL PRICES
NEW YORK—Copper 19 3/4c; iron steady; antimony 10.37c; lead 8.62c; zinc 9.20c.

The Ogden Standard.

FEARLESS INDEPENDENT PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER

WEATHER FORECAST
Weather indications for Ogden and vicinity:
Fair tonight and Thursday; slightly warmer tonight in southwest portion.

Fiftieth Year—No. 12 Price Five Cents OGDEN CITY, UTAH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 14, 1920 LAST EDITION—4 P. M.

MACHINE GUNNERS MOW DOWN RIOTERS

GERMANY PROCLAIMS MARTIAL LAW AFTER DISORDER IN BERLIN

Gustav Noske, Minister of Defense, Given Powers to Check Revolt

TROUBLE OCCURS AT REICHSTAG BUILDING

Mob Organized as Protest On Industrial Council Bill Being Considered

BERLIN, Tuesday, Jan. 13.—(By the Associated Press.)—The government tonight proclaimed martial law in all sections of Germany following the mob demonstration this afternoon in which at least 10 persons were killed and many others were wounded by machine gun fire from guards in front of the reichstag building. Gustav Noske, the minister of defense, has been appointed commander-in-chief for the Greater Berlin district and Brandenburg province. Street parades, meetings and demonstrations of all kinds have been prohibited.

BERLIN, Tuesday, Jan. 13.—Many persons were killed and wounded in a mob demonstration in front of the reichstag building here this afternoon. The mob, organized by extremists as a protest against the industrial council bill now before the reichstag, began to gather this morning. By noon every street leading to the Tiergarten was crowded with masses of people carrying red flags and placards. Anticipating a demonstration before the reichstag building, the authorities had surrounded the building with public security guards and machine gunners who barred all approaches. As time passed the crowd was joined by striking tram employees and soon inflammatory speeches were begun by agitators.

40,000 in Throng.
When the reichstag convened at three o'clock the crowd surrounding the building was estimated at 40,000 and new delegations of working people carrying red flags and banners inscribed with the words "all power to the soviets," continued to arrive. Troop reinforcements in huge motor trucks were added to the guards on duty but only one arrest had been made since noon.

Attempts made by the guards to quietly disperse the crowds were unheeded. At last the mob made a rush against the police lines, trying to disarm the guards and disable the machine guns. When it was seen the mob could not be checked in any other way, fire was opened on it. The shooting was at close range and the front of the building was littered with dead and wounded. Order was soon restored.

Ten Bodies Found.
The reichstag continued its sitting until 5 o'clock at which time it was announced ten bodies of persons killed in the fight had been brought into the court of the building.

Rifle and machine gun fire was opened on the mob at 3:40 o'clock and lasted five minutes. It was most severe around the west portal of the building. Later the correspondent of The Associated Press counted at least 20 men lying in the outskirts of the Tiergarten, apparently wounded. When the troops began firing the crowd ran pell mell in all directions. At the sound of the firing members of the lower house of the reichstag left the assembly chamber and crowded into the lounge room where there was intense excitement.

While the number of dead was announced as ten early this evening it seems probable that the fatalities will exceed this total. Some of the wounded lay in the Tiergarten for a considerable time after the shooting, although many were carried off quickly by the sanitary corps and placed in nearby hospitals.

Excitement Follows.
Members of the national assembly which was meeting in the chamber, in the inner court of the building, heard only faint reports of the shots. Gradually news of the clash reached the chamber and an exodus followed into the corridors, into which a score of men from the mob succeeded in penetrating and immediately started a general harassment. Up in the press gallery the excitement was equally intense.

The government admits the loss of

400 LOST WHEN STEAMSHIP SINKS

Denial Demanded From Sims

BAGLEY SAYS NAVAL DECORATION HUBBUB DOES HIM MUCH HARM

Brother-In-Law of Secretary Daniels Wants Only What Was Recommended

OFFICERS REQUEST TO GO TO PROBE BOARD

Commander Says Admiral Sims Should Deny Favoritism Was Shown

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Commander David Worth Bagley, brother-in-law of Secretary Daniels, has called the navy department requesting that his name be considered only for such decoration as was conferred upon all captains of destroyers serving in the war zone.

Commander Bagley, whose ship, the Jacob Jones, was torpedoed and sunk during the war, was recommended for a navy cross by the war decorations board, but Secretary Daniels awarded him the distinguished service medal along with the captains of other naval ships destroyed by enemy submarines. Commanders of destroyers serving in the war zone were awarded the navy cross.

Secretary Daniels said today that the message would be referred directly to the knight board, now reconsidering the whole question of naval awards, for such action as the board might see fit.

Bagley Embarrassed.

Commander Bagley, who is serving as naval attaché at The Hague, recently cabled the department that European newspapers had published statements that Rear Admiral Sims had charged that Bagley received his distinguished service medal because of the favoritism of Secretary Daniels and that the widespread publication of the report had made the continuation of the discharge of his duties as naval attaché extremely difficult and embarrassing. He requested the department to obtain a denial from Admiral Sims and to make an effort to gain widespread publicity for it.

Objection by Sims.

In his letter to Secretary Daniels declining to accept a distinguished service medal awarded to him, Admiral Sims made no reference to any specific case of awards of navy decorations, but did express objection to the awarding of distinguished service medals to officers who lost their ships, while officers on staff for whom he had recommended the distinguished service medal, received lesser awards.

one member of the troop of guards killed in the fighting while several are missing.

Door Resists Crowds.

The big oak paneled door, which gives access to the west wing of the reichstag building, was smashed during the attempted rush. It was the prompt resistance of the public security troops on guard that prevented ingress which would have resulted in the invasion of the chamber by the mob. Through this door a large caliber bullet fired from the ranks of the mob found its way and also passed through a second door into the lobby, crowded with members.

Independent Socialist leaders plan to continue demonstrations whenever the industrial councils' bill is up for debate, and it is expected the climax will be reached on Thursday, which is the anniversary of the deaths of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, radical leaders, who were slain while being taken to Moabit prison. The entire missions arriving here today are reported to have indicated their intention to call upon their governments for military protection if demonstrations are threatening.

CHINESE BOLSHEVIKI TO ARREST SOVIET ARMY, MOSCOW SAYS

Oriental "Reds" To Operate in Coastal Region, London Authorities Learn

POLISH AND LETTS FORCE RETIREMENT

Ukrainian Soldiers Assisted by Galician Units Occupy City of Odessa

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Russian soviet troops which have reached Bala station, almost 400 miles east of Taiga, will be aided by Chinese Bolsheviki, according to a Moscow dispatch quoting advice from Chelabinsk. It is said the Chinese will operate in the "coastal region."

The Bolsheviki expect soon to encounter Japanese forces sent to eastern Siberia and the Moscow dispatch states the soviet forces will not "undertake any aggressive action calculated to provoke a collision." It says, however, that "the menace of the Japanese and of the entente vassals in the west will compel the soviet authorities to devote a great part of its forces to military purposes."

While Polish and Letts forces have driven ahead along the northwestern Russian front and have forced the Bolsheviki to retire at a number of points, their offense is said by Moscow to be "merely local."

Odessa has been occupied by Ukrainian soldiers assisted by Galician units, it is reported. These troops do not appear to be fighting as comrades of the Bolsheviki, although they are opposing the troops formerly commanded by General Denikin in southern Russia. Advice states that Denikin has dismissed General Ignatiev, commander of the garrison with orders to organize the defense of the city.

Bolsheviki officials' reports state that the Orenburg and Ural regions have been cleared of opponents and that the Turkestan front could be considered as safely held by soviet forces.

Petroleum Company to Obey Proposed Law

MEXICO CITY, Tuesday, Jan. 13.—(By the Associated Press.)—Josefa Santa Eilia, chief of the petroleum bureau of the department of industry, commerce and labor, declared in an interview here today that the Huasteca Petroleum company, headed by Edward L. Doheny, had informed the department it was disposed to agree to all the provisions of the proposed petroleum law. This measure will come before the next session of congress, which will begin September 1, 1920.

It was asserted that the company had expressed its desire to enter into amicable negotiations with the government for the purpose of settling all disputed points, and the company, according to the undersecretary, has decided to push new work actively.

Japanese Cruiser Not Convoy for Ammunition

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 14.—Reports that the Japanese cruiser Yakumo, which landed a shipment of arms and ammunition for the Mexican government were declared "baseless" tonight by General Juan Barragan, chief of the presidential staff. Hilario Medina, undersecretary in charge of the foreign office, issued at the same time a denial that a secret treaty had been negotiated between Mexico and Japan. He asserted that such rumors had been "spread by enemies of the government."

Lack of Landing Fields and Airdromes Holding Back Aviation, Ace Says

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Major Reed Landis, an American ace, speaking at the Hamilton club's aviation luncheon, predicted that the future would see air flights from Chicago to New York in eight hours, costing \$37.52 a passenger.

Major Landis' basic calculation was \$18.76 a passenger but to this he added 100 per cent for profit to the carrier. He based his prediction on a flying machine carrying twenty-five passengers and making a trip a day.

The speaker said that commercial aviation had a tremendous present and future, but that landing fields and airdromes were needed. "We do think, also," he said, "that the government, if it won't give some slight assistance, might at least refrain from antagonism." Major Eddie Rickonbacker also scored America's official slowness but was optimistic as to the future of aviation, saying: "I expect to see within a few years three or four transcontinental air routes carrying passengers every three or four hours through Chicago."

"I was very much discouraged and surprised when I got back from France and I looked over the aviation situation in Washington. I found we had not profited a bit by our experience on the western front, and we didn't seem to want to. I was not asked to make a report and I did not volunteer. Nobody took any interest. Nobody cared. It was like the old story of the lost advantage of the pioneer work that American inventors and aviators did fifteen years ago."

AGREEMENT REACHED IN HOLLAND-BELGIUM DISPUTE ON TREATY

Canal to be Dug to Connect Scheldt With Rhine Above Meuse

BRUSSELS, Tuesday, Jan. 13.—(By French Wireless Service.)—A satisfactory solution of the economic problem arising out of the revision of the treaty of 1839 has been reached by the representatives of Belgium and Holland, but it is asserted that no military accord will be reached at the present.

The question of the Scheldt is reported to have been settled by a plan for two commissions, one for the Scheldt, which will sit at Brussels and the other to deal with the Ghent-Ter-Nuzen canal to sit at Ghent. Both commissions will comprise both Dutch and Belgian members and will deal with questions relative to navigation and lights on the Scheldt.

In accordance with the provisions of the peace treaty, a canal will be dug to connect the Scheldt with the Rhine extending above the Meuse and reaching Duisburg. This canal will connect Strassburg and Antwerp.

Paul Deschanel to Run for President

PARIS, Jan. 13.—(Havas.)—Encouraged by their success in electing Paul Deschanel president of the chamber of deputies yesterday, his adherents are preparing to announce his candidacy for the presidency of the republic at the plenary meeting at Versailles next Saturday.

Premier Clemenceau's friends assert he will not declare his candidacy but will accept the presidency if the vote is favorable at Versailles on Saturday.

TREATY TO BE GIVEN HUNGARY
PARIS, Jan. 13.—The treaty of peace with Hungary will be delivered to the Hungarian delegates at the foreign office at two o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The ceremony will not be public.

COLLEGE STUDENTS WANT RATIFICATION WITH RESERVATIONS

Incomplete Returns Received from 53 of 400 Colleges on Balloting

SOUTH STRONG FOR PACT AS IT STANDS

Wide Variety of Views Shown by Vote on Important National Question

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Incomplete returns early today from 53 of nearly 400 colleges and universities whose students and faculty members voted yesterday on four questions concerning the peace treaty and league of nations, showed that out of a total of 41,889 votes cast, 26,643 favored any compromise which would make possible immediate ratification.

The wording of the proposition which was generally favored follows: "I favor a compromise between the League and the Democratic reservations in order to facilitate ratification of the treaty."

The proposition favoring ratification of the league and treaty without reservations got 8979 votes; that opposing ratification in any form 2923 and that favoring ratification with the League reservations for second place.

In the south early reports from 12 universities and colleges showed a large plurality for ratification without amendments. Those favoring the compromise plan came next.

The intercollegiate treaty referendum committee received telegraphic returns from all colleges and complete results were expected to be announced before midnight.

Complaint Against Armour's Is Filed

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Carrying out its announced intention of taking action against unfair trade practices of the big packers despite settlement by the department of justice of pending anti-trust proceedings, the federal commission today cited Armour and company in a formal complaint alleging unfair methods of competition in mission act and the acquisition of competing concerns in violation of the Clayton act.

Motive for Murder of Girl in Park Sought

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 14.—Motive for the murder of Rebecca Lovell, 21, whose body was found today in a Louisville public park, with the head partly severed from the body, had not been determined tonight. Authorities, however, were said to be seeking a sweetheart of the girl in an effort to clear up the second Louisville woman murder mystery within a month. An axe, hatchet or butcher knife was used in the killing, the coroner said.

ALFONSO SENDS TELEGRAM
MADRID, Monday, Jan. 12.—King Alfonso today sent a telegram to President Carranza expressing sympathy for the people of Mexico in their losses of life and property in recent earthquakes.

MARINE TRAGEDY IS ENACTED OFF COAST OF WESTERN FRANCE

Only 57 Persons on Vessel are Known to Have Reached Shore Safely

PASSENGERS AFRAID TO JUMP IN BOATS

Wireless Messages Tell Short But Graphic Story of Sea Disaster

LA ROCHELLE, France, Jan. 14.—More than 400 persons are believed to have lost their lives in the wreck of the steamer Afrique on Roche Bonne shoal, Bay of Biscay. Only 57 survivors are known to have been landed. Hope for the rest of the passengers and crew faded during the past night as hour after hour passed without cheering tidings and seventy-two hours after the vessel foundered many feared one of the greatest marine tragedies of modern times was enacted off the coast before dawn, on Sunday morning.

Few Reach Shore

Sailors and French colonial soldiers are the only persons from the ship known to have reached land safely.

"It was impossible to approach the Afrique," said Captain Jouan of the steamer Geylan, which was summoned to the scene of the wreck by wireless on Saturday and which attempted to rescue those on board the doomed vessel.

"I remained in wireless communication with the ship, however, and received the following message: 'I am drifting and I fear the ship will go ashore.' Later came another message saying: 'I am steering for a light.'"

We Are Sinking

"Then came a final message: 'We are sinking. That is all I know about the loss of the Afrique.'"

Some of the rescued sailors declared that when with great difficulty the boats were swung out passengers were afraid to jump for them, seeing they were already half full of water.

Ex-President Wounded in Duel With Swords

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Jan. 14.—Jose Batlle y Ordóñez, twice president of Uruguay, was wounded in the arm during a duel with swords with Senator Leonel Aguirre yesterday afternoon. The ex-president was wounded a few seconds after the beginning of the encounter, forcing its suspension.

It is said the Senator Batlle sent his second to Senator Aguirre as the result of an article in the newspaper El Pais, of which Senator Aguirre is a co-proprietor, charging that the former president was seeking to obtain predominance in the chamber of deputies for personal ends.

Pope Gives Audience on German Situation

ROME, Jan. 14.—The pope gave a private audience to Monsignor Dole, apostolic delegate at Constantinople, and had a lengthy conversation concerning the situation in Germany. The pontiff was especially interested in the condition of the Armenians as respects their future organization as an independent state to which end he is reported to have seen the holy see had used all his influence.

VATICAN BUYS BONDS
ROME, Tuesday, Jan. 13.—The vatican has subscribed 20,000,000 lire to the sixth national loan, according to the Messaggero. This is the first time the newspaper states that the vatican has participated in such a loan.

SOVEREIGNTY PROCLAIMED
AIN LA CHAPPELLE, Jan. 14.—(Havas.)—Belgian sovereignty over the districts of Euphen and Malmédy, awarded to Belgium by the treaty of peace with Germany, was proclaimed yesterday.

BASKET BALL GAME
ASSEMBLY HALL

DANCE WITH AMERICAN LEGION
TO-NIGHT

THURSDAY EVE. 8:30 P. M.
OGDEN HIGH vs. U. of U. FRESHMEN
Admission 25c Doors Open 8:15

OLIE'S JAZZ MUSIC